



PACKED VZW



CULTUREEL **ERFGOED** STANDAARDEN TOOLBOX



Toolbox & Richtlijnen voor Archief- & Collectiezorg in de Kunstensector



SCOREMODEL



WEBSITE OVER DE PRESERVERING VAN AUDIOVISUEEL ERFGOED EEN INITIATIEF VAN PACKED

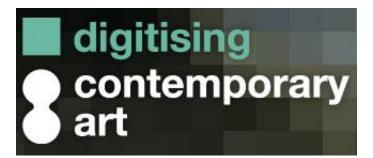
www.packed.be www.projectcest.be www.scart.be www.projectracks.be www.scoremodel.org



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CONTENTS

- digital preservation
- threats
- strategies



I. INTRO

- Introduce yourself!
- What type of 'digital objects' do you produce?
- How would you define 'digital preservation'? (in one sentence)



ANALOGUE PRESERVATION?





DIGITAL PRESERVATION?



DIGITAL PRESERVATION?









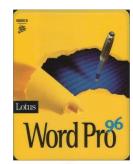










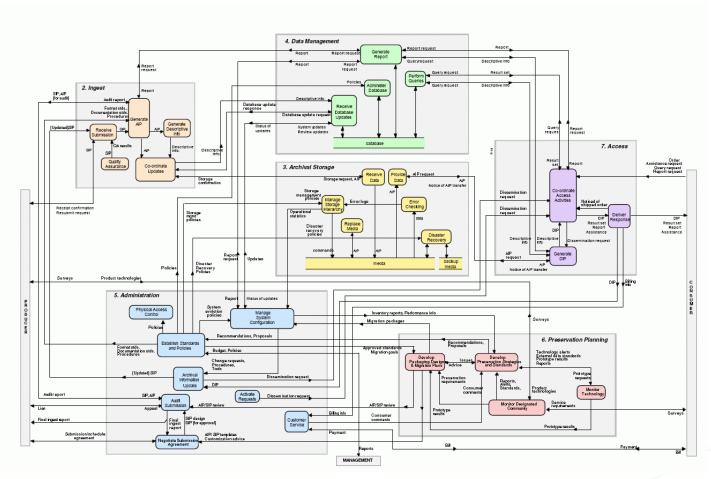


DIGITAL REPOSITORIES





DIGITAL REPOSITORIES





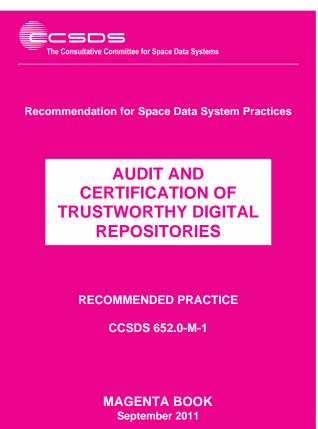
DIGITAL REPOSITORIES

OAIS MAGENTA BOOK

- ISO 14721:2003
- 77 pagina's

4.1.1 The repository shall identify the Content Information and the Information Properties that the repository will preserve.

Supporting Text. This is necessary in order to make it clear to funders, depositors, and users what responsibilities the repository is taking on and what aspects are excluded. It is also a necessary step in defining the information which is needed from the information producers or depositors.

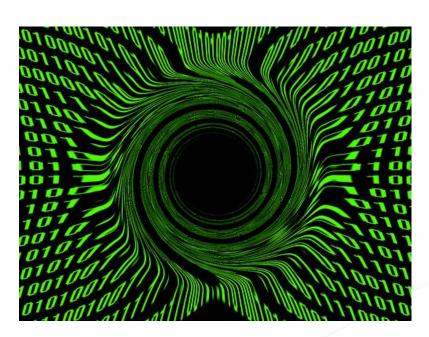




DIGITAL REPOSITORIES (IN PRACTICE)

- 'bit level preservation
- normalisation > only for specific file formats

=> 'digital black hole



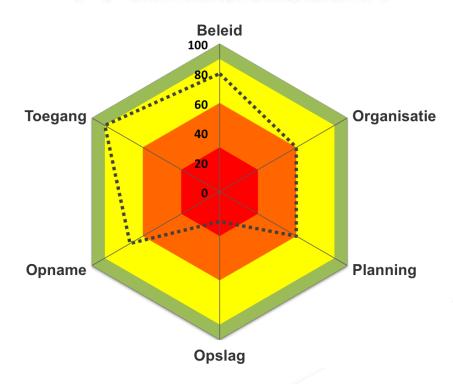


ALTERNATIVE APPROACH: MATURITY MODEL (CH. DOLLAR)

SEVEN ASPECTS:

- Policy
- Strategy
- Expertise & organisation
- Storage
- Planning & controle
- Ingest
- Access







ACT PROACTIVELY!

digital preservation

intervene in the <u>environment</u> where you create and store documents to reduce the risk of damage to a minimum



ACT PROACTIVELY!

digital preservation

identify threats



apply a strategy to counter it



ACT PROACTIVELY!

digital preservation

technical solutions + proper arrangements clever tools + 'getting things organized'



SUMMARY

- analogue vs digital preservation
- digital repositories
- act proactively!





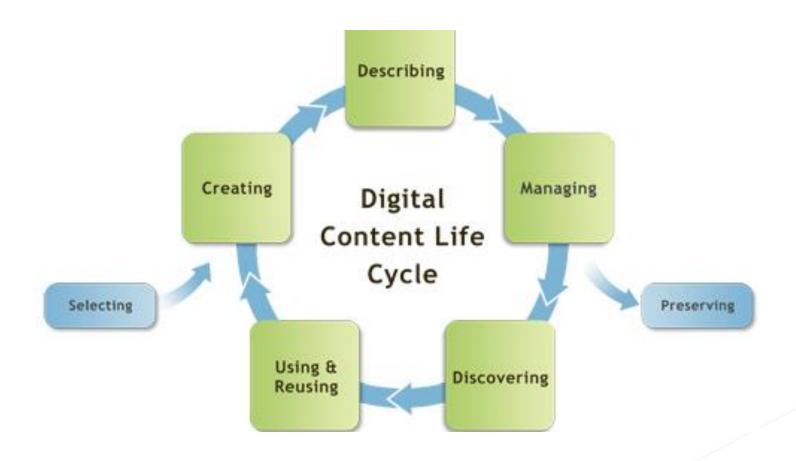
II. THREATS

- obsolete technology
- unreliable carriers
- rights infringement
- managing extent

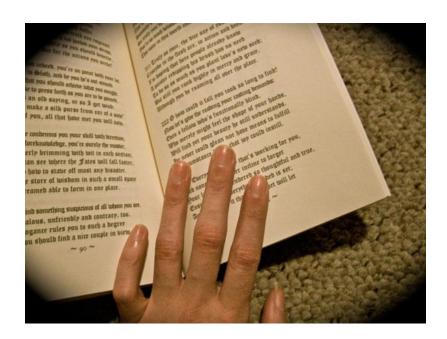
=> What applies to your content?



DIGITALE LEVENSCYCLUS











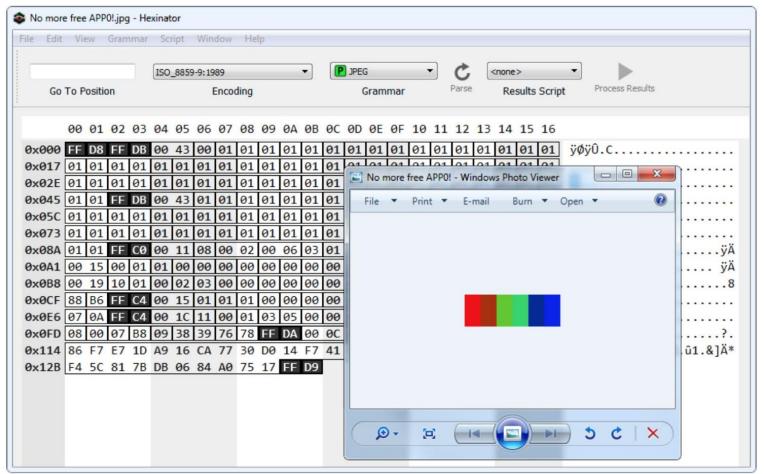












- Access depends on the availability of the corresponding technology
- Problems:
 - Algorythm (codec) to decode your content is lost
 - Software to decode your content is lost
 - Device to decode your content is lost

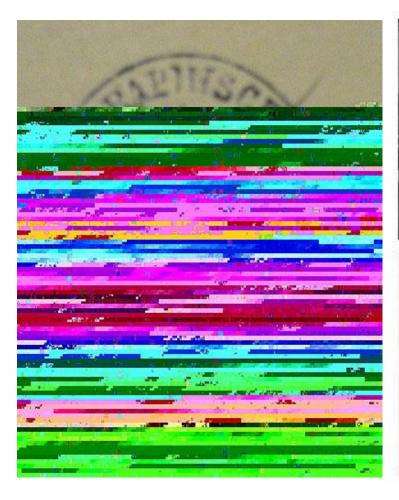


#2 UNRELIABLE CARRIERS





#2 UNRELIABLE CARIERS









#2 UNRELIABLE CARRIERS

- Problem
 - Inherent physical deterioration (bitrot)
 - Physical damage by simple usage
 - Errors when (de-)coding (e.g. copying)



















Linux









Problems:

- intellectual property rights, patents, ... on:
- Format (wrapper)
- Codec (essence)
- Software (implementation)
- hardware (carrier, hardware codec)



#4. MANAGING EXTENT



#4. MANAGING EXTENT



#4. EXTENT & MANAGEMENT

- Problem:
 - Lacking metadata
 - endless copying
 - Ignorence
 - project-based work





II. THREATS

- obsolete technology
- unreliable carriers
- rights infringement
- managing extent

=> What applies to your content?



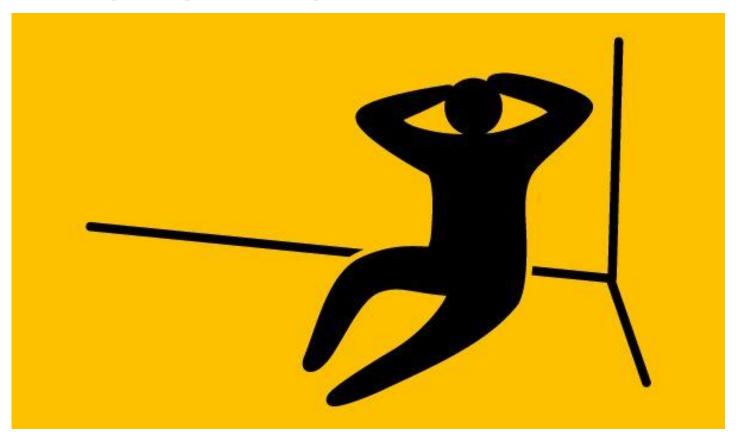
III-STRATECIES

- do nothing...
- conservation
- documentation
- copy & distribute
- regular checks
- migration & transcoding
- emulation

=> What strategy would counter your threaths?



#1 DO NOTHING





#1 DO NOTHING

- because you don't fully understand the preservation threat/solution
- because you don't find a convenient solution

pro:

avoid obvious mistakes

con:

- obsoleteness > inevitable
- ignorence



#2 CONSERVATION





#2 CONSERVATION

 Store hardware, software and carriers in a safe, climatised environment

pro:

 relevant when the 'essence' is in <u>both</u> the digital and physical manifestation of the object

con:

- requires maintenance (e.g. batteries!)
- hardware obsoleteness



#3 DOCUMENTATION





#3 DOCUMENTATION

- user manuals of hardware and software
- technical specifications of hardware, software and file formats
- documentation of the system environment (software libraries, programming languages, OS)

pro:

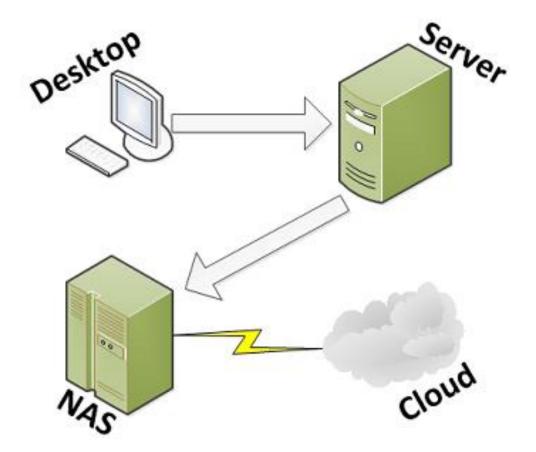
helpful for reverse engineering/emulation

Con:

Passive: depend on expertise somewhere in the future.



#4 COPY & DISTRIBUTE





#4 COPY & DISTRIBUTE

- ≠ copy types: archive file vs. reproduction file vs.
 access file
- back-up strategie: full/incremental frequency locations

pro:

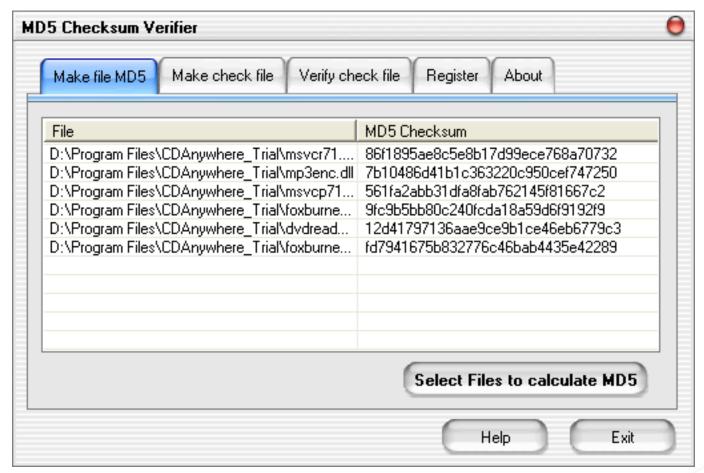
risk distribution

con:

risk of loosing track of copies



#5 REGULAR CHECKS





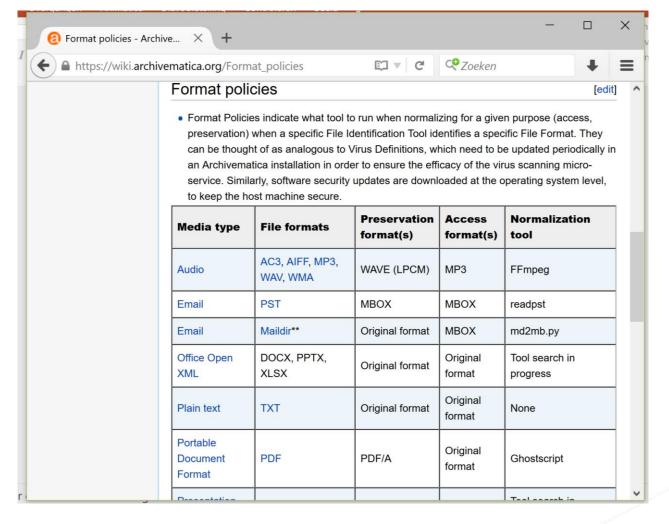
#5 REGULAR CHECKS

- operational hardware en software
- virus control
- completeness of your archive
- integrity of your archive

Pro:

- identify preservation issues at an early stage
- something you can automate
- Con:
- allocate responsabilities
- discipline! Considerable IT-expertise!

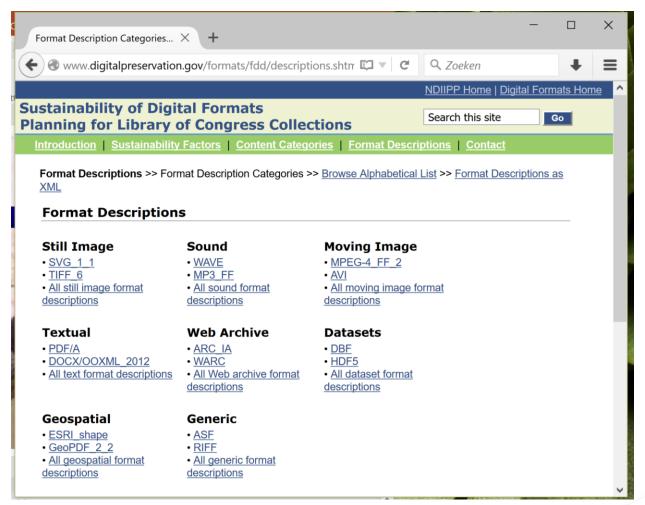






Preservation format	encoding	wrapper
TEKST	Utf-8	XML
IMAGE	TIFF v6.0 uncompressed baseline	TIFF v6.0 uncompressed baseline
	Lossless JPEG2000 pt1	Jp2
MOVING IMAGE	JPEG2000	MXF
	FFV1	MKV
SOUND	LPCM	WAV
		AIFF
	FLAC	FLAC







Transcode to open and sustainable archive formats

Pro:

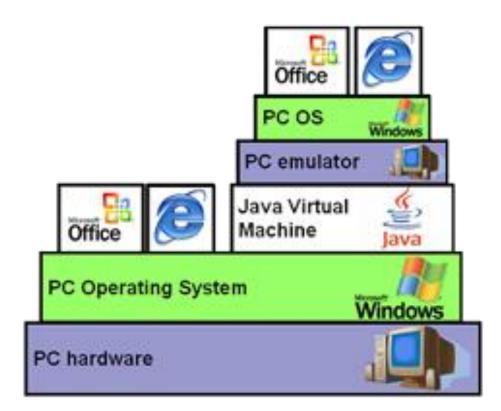
(by far the most) efficient way of extending life cycle of a file

Con:

- Risk information loss
- Risk functionality loss
- Expertise!



#7 EMULATION





#7 EMULATION

Mimic the original environment in which a file was used

Pro:

Last resort for obsolete content...

Con:

- Specialist work
- Available for specific platforms
- Requires reverse engineering (legal?)





III-STRATECIES

- do nothing...
- conservation
- documentation
- copy & distribute
- regular checks
- migration & transcoding
- emulation

=> What strategy would counter your threaths?



FINAL THOUGHTS:

- One-fits-all solution for long-term preservation DOES NOT exist
- long-term preservation = <u>chain of short-term</u> <u>solutions</u> based on a long term vision
- technology evolves >>> <u>update</u> your strategies!

GOEDE STRATEGIE = COMBINATIE

- verschillende strategie combineren
- alle aspecten moeten beschreven worden tot echte, volledige strategie
- meestal geen kant-en-klare oplossingen
- in bepaalde gevallen nog geen oplossingen



